

Space Safety for Space 19+



European Space Agency

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Space Safety - Cornerstones





CREAM(Collision Risk Estimation & Automated MitigatioN)

Core - ESA SSA Space Weather System Today



- 29 pre-operational services based on >200 products
- European Service Network of >40 Expert Groups
- > 1000 registered users
- > 700 000 hits on service portal monthly
- Hosted payload missions in progress
- Lagrange mission & D3S
- Coordinated Communication Protocol for Europe







BE SWE Activities & SSA Programme



- Leadership in Solar Weather and Space Radiation ESCs
- SWE Service Coordination Centre (SSCC) in Space Pole
- Participation in Heliospheric Weather and Geomagnetic Conditions ESCs
- Lead in development of
 - Virtual Space Weather Modelling Centre (VSWMC)
 - EUHFORIA heliospheric model
 - SPENVIS space environment system
 - COMESEP, SEPEM, SPM and many other SWE tools and applications
- SWE Data Centre in ESEC
- Proba-2 mission extension
- EUVI and SCOPE developments for Lagrange mission
- New SWE instruments (e.g. 3DEES)



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Core - SWE Developments in S2P Period 1



- Operation and enhancement of SSCC & ESCs
 - Maintenance and enhancement of existing assets (e.g. SPENVIS, COMESEP, ...)
- Enhancement of Space Weather Data System
- Physics based and empirical forecasting models
 - Solar, heliospheric and space radiation models
 - Utilisation of joint L5 and Sun-Earth line data
 - End to end modelling and coupled models
 > VSWMC enhancement
- Applications and tools tailored to user needs
- Machine learning, virtual research environment, cloud computing













Core - D3S Development in S2P Period 1



- Hosted payloads (e.g. mini-EPT, 3DEES, mini-EUV imager, ...)
- Miniaturised/platform sensors and their utilization in mega-constellations
- Dedicated nanosatellite missions and constellations
- SmallSat platforms
- Extension of Proba-2 mission
- Utilisation of data from all European SWE sensors
- Ground based observations
 - Solar imaging
 - Solar radio emissions
 - GNSS sensor networks for ionosphere





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Core – Planetary Defense





Observations







Information provision

Object Name	Size [m]	Date/Time	IP max	PS max
2017RH16	30*	2026-08-31 21:26	1/689	-2.36
2010RF12	9*	2095-09-05 23:50	1/16	-3.26
1979XB	900*	2113-12-14 18:07	1/1.84E6	-3.28
2000SG344	50*	2071-09-16 00:26	1/2096	-3.63
99942 Apophis	375	2068-04-12 15:13	1/531914	-3.67
2009JF1	16*	2022-05-06 08:12	1/4464	-3.75
2006QV89	40*	2019-09-09 07:03	1/11428	-3.79
2008UB7	70*	2060-10-31 18:26	1/36101	-3.83
2006JY26	9*	2074-05-03 01:00	1/86	-3.91
2008JL3	40*	2027-05-01 09:07	1/13280	-3.95

Latest Updates on neo.ssa.esa.int

Core – Space Debris



- Technology development for space and ground based sensors
- Community Approach towards SST
 Core Software
 - Shared development and maintenance efforts
 - Ensure interoperability among
 multiple European systems
- Risk models and concepts







EcoDesign: Understand how much space activities pollute and identify alternatives to reduce the environmental impacts



1 Core - Summary

- Fundamental activities in the areas of Space
 Weather, Planetary Defense, Space Debris and
 Cleanspace
- Addresses the technical dimension of STM
- Sensors, services, hosted payloads
- Continuous efforts on comparable level also in future periods

CaC	Space19+ (Period 1)
N/A	135M€





Lagrange Mission



Measurements:

- Solar disk magnetic field
- **EUV** imaging •
- Solar X-ray flux •
- Heliospheric imaging **Solar wind characteristics**
 - **Interplanetary magnetic field**
 - Solar proton, electron and ion flux

Wide-angle coronagraphy

2 Lagrange Mission

- Currently in phase A/B1
- Joint Understandings for cooperation
 - NOAA being signed
 - NASA in preparation
- Launch in 2025

CaC	Space19+ (Period 1)
500M€	230M€





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Lagrange Mission Timeline

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Opportunities in Lagrange Mission



- Lead of Extreme Ultraviolet Imager (EUVI)
- Lagrange spacecraft system
 development
 - > X-band TWTA,
 - communication system,
 - platform structure,
 - RTU,

> PCDU





Optical instruments



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In-situ instruments

HERA





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Didymos vs Ryugu



(c) JAXA, U. of Tokyo, Kochi U., Rikkyo U., Nagoya U., ChibaTech, Meiji U., U. of Aizu, AIST





Hera mission firsts

~160m

~800m

- First mission to binary asteroid
- Smallest asteroid ever studied
- First full scale cratering physics experiment
- First radar tomography of an asteroid



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Hera procurement approach (GSTP→S2P)

- Successful SRR on 17 July 2019
- Phase B2 kick-off on 30 September 2019
- CubeSats PDR in November 2019

SRR

All developments proceeding nominally



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2019

In-Orbit Servicing/Removal Mission



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ADRIOS (Active Debris Removal/In-Orbit Servicing) 4

- Removal target: VESPA adapter (100kg, launched with PROBA-V), first ever active removal!
- Selected industrial proposal in clarification process •
- Some freedom in consortium participants

CaC	Space19+ (Period 1)
106.6M€	75M€













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5 CREAM-Collision Risk Estimation & Automated MitigatioN

- Target first demonstration of automated collision avoidance by 2023
- Machine learning competition 2019

CaC	Space19+ (Period 1)
35M€	20M€



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THANK YOU

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